Macronutrient Ratios

Your health conditions, age, gender, and lifestyle determine how much of each macronutrient you should consume. The amounts (provided in grams) are guidelines for healthy average size men and women who are moderately active. Guidelines that are usually appropriate for neurological conditions are highlighted. Your healthcare practitioner will indicate the appropriate ratios for you to follow.

Carbohydrates

	% Carbs	Carb (Grams) for Men (2600 kcal/day)		Goal/Population	
Ketogenic	< 10%	< 65 g	< 50 g	 Epilepsy, brain injury or neurodegenerative disease (Parkinson's, Alzheimer's, etc.) Severe blood sugar problems 	Fa
Low Carb	10 – 15%	<mark>65 – 100 g</mark>	50 – 75 g	 Weight loss Blood sugar regulation Mood disturbances Blood sugar regulation Digestive problems 	One det and res will
Moderate Carb	15 – 40%	100 – 200 g	75 – 150 g	 Generally healthy Maintain weight Adrenal fatigue Maintain weight Adrenal fatigue Hypothyroidism Familial Hypercholesterolemia 	
High Carb	> 40%	> 200 g	> 150 g	Athletes and highly active peopleTrying to gain weight/muscleFast metabolismPregnant/breastfeeding	

e you've rmined your carb protein levels, the of your calories come from fat. could be as high 0-85% fat on a genic/low ohydrate/low ein diet.

Protein

Goal/Population		Protein (Grams) for Men (2600 kcal diet)	Protein (Grams) for Women (2000 kcal diet)
Generally healthy or pregnant	10 – 20%	65 – 130 g	50 – 100 g
Weight loss, blood, sugar problems, adding muscle mass	20 – 35%	130 – 230 g	100 – 176 g

